Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

BREESE

IL0270250

Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2023

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

The source of drinking water used by BREESE is Surface Water

For more information regarding this report contact:

Name

Phone

Don Voss / Josh Niederhofer

(618) 526-7151 / (618) 526-8848

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el aqua que usted bebe. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien

Source of Drinking Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population.

Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Source Water Information

INTAKE (01779) NEW SHOAL CREEK

Source Water Name

que lo entienda bien.

RAW WATER INTAKE

Report Status

Source Water Assessment

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. The source water assessment for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please stop by City Hall or call our water operator at (618) 526-8848. To view a summary version of the completed Source Water Assessments, including: Importance of Source Water; Susceptibility to Contamination Determination; and documentation/recommendation of Source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA website at http://www.epa.state.il.us/cgi-bin/wp/swap-fact-sheets.pl.

Source of Water: BREESEIllinois EPA considers all surface water sources of community water supply to be susceptible to potential pollution problems, hence, the reason for mandatory treatment for all surface water supplies in Illinois. Mandatory treatment includes coagulation, sedimentation, filtration, and disinfection. In addition, agricultural runoff within the Middle Kaskaskia River Basin contributes to the susceptibility of the Breese intakes.

Lead and Copper

2023 Regulated Contaminants Detected

Definitions:

ppb:

Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.

Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2023	1.3	1.3	0.072	0	ppm		Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
Lead	2023	0	15	2.2	0	ppb		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.

Water Quality Test Results

Definitions:	The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.
Avg:	Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.
Level 1 Assessment:	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment:	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.
Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG:	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
na:	not applicable.
mrem:	millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.

Water Quality Test Results

ppm: milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulated Contaminants

Disinfectants and Disinfection By- Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine	2023	2	2 - 2.2	MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes.
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2023	44	36.1 - 53.8	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2023	56	38.9 - 73.2	No goal for the total	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium	2023	0.052	0.052 - 0.052	2	2	ppm	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride	2023	0.6	0.622 - 0.622	4	4.0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Manganese	2023	2	1.7 - 1.7	150	150	ppb	N	This contaminant is not currently regulated by the USEPA. However, the state regulates. Erosion of natural deposits.
Sodium	2023	35	35 - 35			ppb	N	Erosion from naturally occuring deposits. Used in water softener regeneration.
Synthetic organic contaminants including pesticides and herbicides	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Atrazine	2023	0.79	0 - 0.79	3	3	ppb	N	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Simazine	2023	0.41	0 - 0.41	4	4	ppb	N	Herbicide runoff.

Turbidity

Limit (Treatment	Level Detected	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Technique)			

MAXT

Highest single measurement	0.5 NTU	0.091 NTU	N	Soil runoff.
Lowest monthly % meeting limit	0.2 NTU	100%	N	Soil runoff.

Information Statement: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness of our filtration system and disinfectants.

Total Organic Carbon

The percentage of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal was measured each month and the system met all TOC removal requirements set, unless a TOC violation is noted in the violations section.

Violations Table

Chlorine

Some people who use water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience irritating effects to their eyes and nose. Some people who drink water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience stomach discomfort.

Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR	01/01/2023		We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated.

Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR)

The Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR) seeks to prevent waterborne diseases caused by E. coli. E. coli are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Human pathogens in these wastes can cause short-term effects, such as diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches,

Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE, MINOR (RTCR)	03/01/2023		We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated.

Total Organic Carbon

Total organic carbon has no health effects. However, total organic carbon provides a medium for the formation of disinfection byproducts. These byproducts include Trihalomethanes (THMs) and haloacetic acids (HAAs). Drinking water containing these byproducts in excess of the MCL may lead to adverse health

Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR	04/01/2023		We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated.
MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR	10/01/2023		We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated.

CERTIFICATE OF PUBLICATION

State of Illinois County of Clinton SS.

THE BREESE JOURNAL vs.

City of Breese Drinking Water

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that the advertisement hereto attached, was published 1 time(s) in The Breese Journal, a weekly newspaper of general circulation, printed and published regularly in Breese, Clinton County, Illinois, for more than six months prior to date of publication of this notice, the first publication being on January 18th, 2024.

Tables

Publisher-Editor

Monitoring Violations Annual Notice Template IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring Requirements Not Met for City of Breese and Wholesale Customers

Our water system violated several drinking water standards over the past year. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what

happened and what we did to correct these situations.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During November 2023 we sent samples to the lab, however due to an accident in the lab, samples were unable to be tested for Total Carbon and Alkalinity and therefore we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during

What should I do? There is nothing you should do, that time. samples prior to and since have all tested normal

There is nothing you need to do at this time.

The table below lists the contaminant(s) we did not properly test for during the last year, how often we are supposed to sample for Total Carbon and Alkalinity, how many samples we are supposed to take, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which follow-up samples were (or will be) taken.

samples were i	or will be) taken.	When all samples	When samples
Contaminant	Required sampling	Number of samples	should have been taken	were or will be taken
	frequency	taken O	November 2023	N/A
Total Carbon	2	2	November 2023	. N/A
Alkalinity	1	1 25 7 2	1.4 done? 5	

What happened? What is being done? Samples sent off to lab, due to an accident in the lab, samples were unable to be tested for November.

No corrective action taken

For more information, please contact Don Voss 618-526-7151, 800 N. 1st St. Breese, IL 62230

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or

This notice is being sent to you by Breese Journal, Water System ID#, IL 0270250, Date distributed Jan. 17, 2024.



Illinois EPA Public Notice Certification and Self-Assessment

This form is required to be submitted as a means to certify that your Public Notice (PN) met all state and federal requirements. The owner, administrative contact, or responsible operator in charge must sign this certificate of acceptance acknowledging compliance with Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's Primary Drinking Water Standards found in Part 611 Subpart V: Public Notification of Drinking Water Violations.

Please complete the self-assessment and delivery certification, sign, and return it along with a copy of the issued public notice to the Illinois EPA, Public Notification Coordinator, BOW/CAS #19, 1021 North Grand Avenue East, P.O. Box 19276, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276.

PWS ID No.: IL 0270250 Name: City of Breese
PN Self-Assessment
This section must be completed PRIOR to issuing your public notice
Total Corbon Alkalinits
Violation description: Total Carbon, Alkalinity (e.g., Coliform Monitoring)
Date violation occurred or Monitoring Period, if applicable: June 2023 (e.g. July 2010)
Please certify completion of each public notice requirement by checking each box. Failure to certify completion of each
requirement may result in no credit for issuing a satisfactory public notice and additionally may result in a Public Notice
Violation.
Check Each Box to Acknowledge Fulfillment of PN Requirement or if statement is Not Applicable, enter "NA"
PN includes a description of the violation or situation, including the contaminants of concern, and (as
applicable) the contaminant levels
X PN includes when the violation or situation occurred
N includes all potential adverse health effects from the violation or situation.
PN includes the population at risk, including subpopulations particularly vulnerable if exposed to the
x contaminant in their drinking water
X PN includes information as to whether alternative water supplies should be used
x PN includes what actions consumers should take, including when they should seek medical help, if known
X PN includes what the supplier is doing to correct the violation or situation
X PN includes when the water supplier expects to return to compliance or resolve the situation
PN includes the name, business address, and phone number of the water system owner, operator, or designee of
x the public water system who can provide additional information concerning the notice
PN includes the following statement to encourage the notice recipient to distribute the public notice to other
persons served, using this standard language (where applicable): "Please share this information with all the
other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for
example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice
in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail."
If PN resulted from a MCL, MRDL, or treatment technique violation, the standard health effects language as
x specified in the Sample Collector's Handbook, Chapter 2 PN Appendix B is included. Enter "NA" if not applicable
If PN resulted from a monitoring violation or testing procedure, our PN includes the following statement: "We
are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular
monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. During
(compliance period), we "did not monitor or test" or "did not complete all monitoring or testing" for (contaminants), and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time."
 (contaminants), and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of your artisting water auring that time. X Enter "NA" if not applicable
PN was displayed in a conspicuous way. It did not contain overly technical language or very small print; was
not formatted in a way that defeats the purpose of the notice; and did not contain language that nullifies the
x purpose of the notice.

PN Delivery Certification

This section must be completed **AFTER** your public notice is issued to consumers

		f contact.
Contacted:	(IEPA contact name) on	(date)
Method of Distribution		
Check all that are applicable		Date Issued
Direct mailed to each bill pay		
Distributed using a circular/sh customer via direct mail (free	nopper/newsletter that is sent to each bill paying of charge)	3/28/2024
List Publication Name Here:		
PN was Hand Delivered to ea	ch bill paying customer	
to the Illinois EDA commits of loss /	false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, or	
to the Illinois EPA commits a Class 2 3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h))	felony. A second or subsequent offense after conv	
3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h)) I		lic water system accordance with mental Protection
3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h)) I Donald Voss indicated on page 1 hereby affirms to the delivery, content, and format re Agency's Primary Drinking Water S	felony. A second or subsequent offense after converged (print name), hereby certify that the public notice has been provided to consumers in equirements and deadlines in the Illinois Environments.	lic water system accordance with mental Protection
B felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h)) Donald Voss Indicated on page 1 hereby affirms the delivery, content, and format re Agency's Primary Drinking Water Swater Violations.	(print name), hereby certify that the public notice has been provided to consumers in equirements and deadlines in the Illinois Environmental and Part 611 SubPart V: Public Notific	lic water system accordance with mental Protection ation of Drinking

This Agency is authorized to require this information under 415 ILCS 5/17.5. Failure to disclose this information may result in a civil penalty of not to exceed \$50,000 for the violation and an additional civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 for each day during which the violation continues (415 ILCS 5/42). This has been approved by the Forms Management Center. IL532-2626

PWS266 Revised (3/11)

CERTIFICATE OF PUBLICATION

State of Illinois **County of Clinton**

98.

THE BREESE JOURNAL vs.

City of Breese Monitoring Violations Annual Notice Template Important Information about your Drinking Water

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that the advertisement hereto attached, was published 1 time(s) in The Breese Journal, a weekly newspaper of general circulation, printed and publish happened and what we did to correct these situations. regularly in Breese, Clinton County, Illinois, for more than six months prior to date of publication of this notice, the first publi tor or test for Total Carbon and Alkalinity and therefore cannot cation being on March 28th, 2024.

Publisher-Editor

Monitoring Violations Annual Notice Template IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring Requirements Not Met for City of Breese

Our water system violated several drinking water standards over the past year. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During 5/1/2023-5/31/2023 we did not monibe sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time,

What should I do?

Conteminent

There is nothing you need to do at this time.

The table below lists the contaminant(s) we did not properly test for during the last year, how often we are supposed to sample for Total Carbon and Alkalinity, how many samples we are supposed to take, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which follow-up samples were (or will be) taken.

	eampling frequency	samplee teken		should have been taken	were of Will be taken	
Total Carbon Alkalinity	2	0	١.	5/1/2023-5/31/2023 5/1/2023-5/31/2023		

Regulted Number of When all samples

What happened? What is being done?

Routine sampling has resumed as of June 2023

For more information, please contact Don Voss at 618-526-7151, 800 N. 1st St. Breese, IL 62230

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or · mail.

This notice is being sent to you by City of Breese, Water System ID#, IL 0270250. Date distributed 7/10/2023.



Illinois EPA Public Notice Certification and Self-Assessment

This form is required to be submitted as a means to certify that your Public Notice (PN) met all state and federal requirements. The owner, administrative contact, or responsible operator in charge must sign this certificate of acceptance acknowledging compliance with Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's Primary Drinking Water Standards found in Part 611 Subpart V: Public Notification of Drinking Water Violations.

Please complete the self-assessment and delivery certification, sign, and return it along with a copy of the issued public notice to the Illinois EPA, Public Notification Coordinator, BOW/CAS #19, 1021 North Grand Avenue East, P.O. Box 19276, Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276.

PWS ID	No.: L 0270250 Name: City of Breese
PN Se	lf-Assessment
This sec	tion must be completed PRIOR to issuing your public notice
Violatio	n description: Chlorine and E. Coli (e.g., Coliform Monitoring)
Date vio	olation occurred or Monitoring Period, if applicable: March 2023 (e.g. July 2010)
	rtify completion of each public notice requirement by checking each box. Failure to certify completion of each
	ent may result in no credit for issuing a satisfactory public notice and additionally may result in a Public Notice
Violation	
Check E	ach Box to Acknowledge Fulfillment of PN Requirement or if statement is Not Applicable, enter "NA"
V	PN includes a description of the violation or situation, including the contaminants of concern, and (as
X	applicable) the contaminant levels
X	PN includes when the violation or situation occurred
X	PN includes all potential adverse health effects from the violation or situation.
	PN includes the population at risk, including subpopulations particularly vulnerable if exposed to the contaminant in their drinking water
X	PN includes information as to whether alternative water supplies should be used
X	PN includes information as to whether atternative water supplies should be used PN includes what actions consumers should take, including when they should seek medical help, if known
X	PN includes what actions consumers should take, including when they should seek includes their, it known PN includes what the supplier is doing to correct the violation or situation
X	PN includes what the supplier is doing to correct the violation of situation PN includes when the water supplier expects to return to compliance or resolve the situation
X	PN includes the name, business address, and phone number of the water system owner, operator, or designee of
X	the public water system who can provide additional information concerning the notice
	PN includes the following statement to encourage the notice recipient to distribute the public notice to other
	persons served, using this standard language (where applicable): "Please share this information with all the
	other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for
	example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice
X	in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail."
	If PN resulted from a MCL, MRDL, or treatment technique violation, the standard health effects language as
X	specified in the Sample Collector's Handbook, Chapter 2 PN Appendix B is included. Enter "NA" if not applicable
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	are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular
	monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. During
	(compliance period), we "did not monitor or test" or "did not complete all monitoring or testing" for
X	(contaminants), and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time." Enter "NA" if not applicable
	PN was displayed in a conspicuous way. It did not contain overly technical language or very small print; was
	not formatted in a way that defeats the purpose of the notice; and did not contain language that nullifies the
X	purpose of the notice.

PN Delivery Certification

This section must be completed **AFTER** your public notice is issued to consumers

Contacted:	(IEPA contact name) on	(date)
Method of Distribution		
Check all that are applicable		Date Issued
Direct mailed to each bill payi	ng customer	
	opper/newsletter that is sent to each bill paying	
x customer via direct mail (free		April 27, 2023
List Publication Name Here:		
PN was Hand Delivered to each	ch bill paying customer	
Any person who knowingly makes a	false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, or felony. A second or subsequent offense after con	rally or in writing
Any person who knowingly makes a	false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, o	rally or in writing
Any person who knowingly makes a sto the Illinois EPA commits a Class 4 3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h)) I Don Voss indicated on page 1 hereby affirms the delivery, content, and format respectively.	false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, o	orally or in writing viction is a Class blic water systen in accordance with mental Protection
Any person who knowingly makes a sto the Illinois EPA commits a Class 4 3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h)) I Don Voss indicated on page 1 hereby affirms the delivery, content, and format re Agency's Primary Drinking Water S	false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, of felony. A second or subsequent offense after con (print name), hereby certify that the pure part public notice has been provided to consumers and deadlines in the Illinois Environ	orally or in writing viction is a Class blic water systen in accordance with mental Protection

This Agency is authorized to require this information under 415 ILCS 5/17.5. Failure to disclose this information may result in a civil penalty of not to exceed \$50,000 for the violation and an additional civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 for each day during which the violation continues (415 ILCS 5/42). This has been approved by the Forms Management Center. IL532-2626

PWS266 Revised (3/11)

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State of Illinois County of Clinton

SS.

THE BREESE JOURNAL vs.

City of Breese Public Water Supply

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Millast

Publisher-Editor

Public Notice City of Breese Public Water Supply

The City of Breese Water Treatment Plant has been notified that we were in violation of our required monitoring for Chlorine Residuals and E. Coli. We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking

water meets health standards. During March, we did not complete all monitoring for Chlorine and E. coli. and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time. We sampled in early March, however the shipping company failed to deliver the samples to the lab in a timely manner. We were notified of this, however we failed to resample prior to the end of March. We had already performed our routine sampling in April, prior to being notified of our violation on April 11, 2023.

The water customers who were possibly affected by a possible contaminated water supply would be Breese customers as well as Germantown, Aviston, St. Rose and Carlyle Southwest water district. It is unknown whether there would have been adverse health effects from the violation. We were back in compliance prior to being notified of our violation.

Therefore, no action will be required from our customers. There is no need to seek alternative water supplies. We are back on our regular schedule of sampling for Chlorine and E. coli and are in compliance with IEPA requirements.

Please share this information with all other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly.

For more information regarding the violation please contact

Dale Detmer 800 N. First St. Breese, IL 62230 618-526-7151

Josh Niederhoffer 800 N. First St. Breese, IL 62230 618-526-8848